It was late in the day—about 5 o'clock. All trains leaving the city for various points over the State went at about 6 o'clock, and there was a rush to get through. When this debate was promised some one got up and shouted that the country had lived three years and eleven months upon a platform adopted at Minneapolis and that it was only another month until another platform would be adopted at St. Louis, and he believed they could struggle along for the additional month, and suggested that they reaffirm the Minneapolis platform. This was done with the Minneapolis platform. This was done with a hurrah, and when General Alger heard of it he was much chagrined. He declares that neither Major McKinley nor any single man who is supporting him desires to have any recognition of free coinage in the platform to be adopted at

Taylor, ex-member of Congress from the Canton (Ohio) district, who was chairman of the Committee on Resolutions that framed the Ohio platform in the recent Republican State Convention, was asked pugnaciously by one of Convention, was asked pugnaciously by one of the anti-McKinley "combine" why the Repub-licans of Ohio "had placed Major McKinley, if licans of Ohio "had placed Major McKinley, it the latter was a sound-money man, upon such a platform as the one adopted." Mr. Taylor responded: "The platform is all right, and does not declare for free coinage. It simply is a reflex of the Minneapolis platform adopted by the entire Republican party. The party is too well known, and its adherence to a sound-money the entire Republican party. The party is too well known, and its adherence to a sound-money system is too well known, that any platform, unless it declared for free coinage (and the Ohio platform did not), should scare the people. The St. Louis Convention will meet within a month. The platform adopted at Minneapolis has carried the party so far, and whatever the platform adopted at St. Louis may be the Republicans of the country will support it. Major McKinley is not an advocate of the free and unlimited coinage of eilver. He is as sound on the money question as any Republican. He stands with his party."

Governor Lippitt, of Rhode Island, who is looked upon as a McKinley man, has also left the city, but before going he remarked quietly that there was no danger of a financial scare over the attitude of Major McKinley. He said the Ohio man was sound upon money as he was upon all other National issues, and he felt that the people would not listen to calamity-wailers at this hour.

WEST VIRGINIA FOR M'KINLEY

NO UNCERTAIN SOUND FROM THE LITTLE MOUNTAIN STATE.

A RINGING DECLARATION FOR PROTECTION AND SOUND MONEY AND FOR "WILLIAM M'KINLEY, OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA."

Clarksburg, W. Va., May 14.—The State Republican Convention which met here to-day was one of the largest and most harmonious ever held the State. The great wigwam was crowded. Chairman Dawson, of the State Committee, called the convention to order at noon. In a briefspeech he congratulated the Republicans of the State on their splendid organization and the outlook for Republican success in West Virginia, and named for temporary secretary Stuart F. Reed, of Harrison. Thomas E. Davis, of Taylor, was named as temporary chairman. Mr. Davis was enthusiastically cheered. He spoke briefly, declaring at the outset that McKinley was already nominated, and it only remained for West Virginia to add her voice to the ratification. This was greeted with enthusiastic cheers. usual committees were then appointed, and at 12 o'clock the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

When the convention reassembled at 2 o'clock the Committee on Permanent Organization reported State Senator P. W. Morris, of Ritchie County, chairman, and Phillip H. Waters (colored), of Kanawha, secretary.

Charles Burdette Hart read the report of the Committee on Resolutions, which was substantially as follows:

We denounce the unnecessary issue of Government bonds in time of peace, a transaction involved in a mystery which has surprised and pained every man who loves his country.

We find great satisfaction in the fact that owing to the wise and courageous stand of the Republican Senator from this State, West Virginia may justly claim the credit of compelling the Administration to offer the latest loan to the highest bidders.

We demand a sound-money policy which shall maintain at an equality of purchasing power every dollar of American money. Every American dollar must be worth 100 cents. The monetary system of the United States must be as sound and safe as the soundest and safest in the world.

We demand liberal appropriations for internal improvements.

tries as taught and maintained for thirty years by
the Republican party.

We declare that our choice for President of the
United States is that pure patriot, that gailant soldier, the foremost champion of Protection, that thoroughbred American, our friend and neighbor, Willtam McKinley, of the United States of America. And
the delegates chosen by this convention are hereby
directed to vote for Major McKinley in the Republican National Convention and to use all other honorable efforts to secure his nomination.

Patrick Kearns, of Wetzel County, who attempted to have a resolution passed on Wednesday, regarding the A. P. A., attempted to get his resolution before the convention, but as he

appeared to have no followers, he failed to get a hearing.

The following delegates to the St. Louis Convention were elected by acclamation: O. W. Hardman, of Tyler; F. M. Reynolds, of Mineral County; Major J. E. Dana, of Charleston, and A. S. White, of Parkersburg.

M'KINLEY CAPTURES WASHINGTON.

NORTHWEST REPUBLICANS DECLARE FOR GOLD. PROTECTION AND THE OHIO LEADER.

Everett, Wash., May 14.-The Republicans o Washington opened their State Convention for the selection of eight delegates to the National Convention at St. Louis in this city to-day. Chairman Scott Swetland, of the State Central Committee,

Scott Swetland, of the State Central Committee, called the body to order.
Andrew G. Burleigh, of Kings County; P. C. Sullivan, of Pierce County; Henry T. Wilson, of Spotane County; Albert Goldman, of Walla Walla; Harry A. Fairchild, of Whatcom; James M. Gilbert, of Yakima: L. W. Garner, of Cowlitz, and George P. Emerson, of Chehalils, were chosen as the de.egation to St. Louis. They were instructed for McKinley and go upon a sound money platform, which was adopted by a majority of 139 out of a total vote of 402. The following is the substance of the platform:

form:

We pledge ourselves to suport the candidates and platform as determined by our National Convention at St. Louis.

We demand a restoration of the Republican policy of protection to American industry and American labor and the doctrine of reciprocity.

We favor the maintenance of the present gold standard and are opposed to free and unlimited colmage of silver at 16 to 1. We are, however, favorable to an international agreement looking to the general use of both metals as money at a fixed ratio.

ratio.

The Republicans of Washington declare that the emphatic sentiment of Washington is in favor of the nomination of McKinfey, of Ohio, and the delegates of this State are hereby directed to work for the success of William McKiniey so long as there is a reasonable prospect of his nomination.

WYOMING OVERWHELMINGLY FOR M'KIN-

Sheridan, Wyo., May 14.-The Wyoming Republi-

can Convention met here to-day to elect six dele-gates to represent the State at St. Louis. After organizing the convention adjourned till to-mor-row.

The sentiment is overwhelmingly for McKinley, and the Wyoming delegation will be instructed for him. The platform will declare for Protection and bimetallism.

ORGANIZING IN THE XXIVTH DISTRICT. The Republican Club of the XXIVth Assembly District, whose headquarters are at No. 146 East District, whose headquarters are at No. 146 East:
Fifty-ninth-st., organized last night a McKinley
League, with 150 members and 65 additional members from the junior membership of the club. The
officers of the parent club, all of whom support the
MoKinley organization, are Charles Schultz, president; John Mallon, vice-president; Leon Cohen, second vice-president; Joseph McIntyre, treasurer;
Henry Fulds, financial scoretary; John C. Gartelmann, recording scoretary, and Edward Graham,
sergeant-at-arms.

M'KINLEY LEGION OF THE XXXTH DISTRICT.

The McKinley Legion of the XXXth Assembly District was organized on Tuesday evening last, and the following officers were elected: John C. Graham, president; David Disbrow, first vice-president; E. E. Wetherell, second vice-president; J. B. Slattery, treasurer; C. H. Becherer and Jere Freedman, secretaries, and J. W. Gallagher, sergeant-at-

Arms.
Meetings will be held every Wednesday at No.
310 East Eighty-sixth-st. One hundred and seventyfive members are enrolled already.

## Hood's

Are as much superior to others as Hood's Sarsaparillas take, easy to operate, silent but certain. easy to take, easy to cents.

## Cashmere Bouquet

TOILET SOAP and PERFUME.

TO INDORSE M'KINLEY.

NORTH CAROLINA REPUBLICANS OPEN THEIR STATE CONVENTION.

FIVE CANDIDATES FOR NOMINATION AS GOVER-NOR IN THE FIELD - PROSPECTS OF

FUSION WITH THE POPULISTS. Raleigh, N. C., May 14.-The Republicans were in caucus here until 2 o'clock this morning. It was decided, among other things, that McKinley should be indorsed. The State Convention did not meet until nearly 1 o'clock this afternoon. There was a remarkably large attendance of members of the party. State Chairman Holton, after calling the convention to order, said that the party would sweep the State this year. A Committee on Credentials was appointed, and the convention adjourned in thirty minutes. It did not reassemble until 8 o'clock this evening, so numerous were the contested seats. It is believed that the convention will not adjourn before late to-morrow

It is asserted that Senator Pritchard will head the delegates-at-large to the National Convention. Five names-those of Oliver H. Dockery, Daniel L. Russell, James E. Boyd, James M. Moody and V. . Lusk-will be placed before the convention as candidates for Governor. Lusk is to be permanent chairman of the convention. The offices of Lieutenant-Governor, Treasurer and Secretary of State are to be left open to be filled by the Populists when they hold their State Convention, or if this convention declines to fill them, bolting Populists who are now affiliating with Republicans will do so. There was a meeting of these bolting Populists with the Republican Conference Committee to-day and they relinquished their demand that they be allowed to name the candemand that they be allowed to halfe the didde for Governor.

Spier Whitaker was chairman of their com-

spier windar was charmant of the Committee, and he withdrew as soon as this backdown occurred. He says that the Populists in the Eastern part of the State, except those in Vance County, follow him fully, and indorse his course. It is clear that the mass of the Populists are backing Senator Butler in the declaration that there shall be no fusion or co-operation with Republicans unless the latter pledge themselves to vote only for free-silver

men.

There was no regular session of the convention to-night. Two hours were devoted to speechmaking. Senator Pritchard had an enthusiastic reception, and every mention of Mc-Kinley was loudly applauded. The mention of Dockery as candidate for Governor caused the greatest demonstration of the evening.

SALE OF AMERICAN BONDS IN LONDON. EVIDENCE OF BELIEF ABROAD THAT THE RE-

PUBLICANS WILL BE RESTORED TO POWER. As strong proof as could be asked for that the nomination and election of McKinley have inspired faith abroad in American investments is furnished by the sale in London yesterday of \$4,000,000 of New-York City 31/2 per cent bonds. Simultaneously there was a sale in London of \$4,000,000 of Massachusetts State bonds. These bonds were sold through Blake Bros. & Co., of Boston and New-York. The New-York City bonds were sold in London by Brown, Shipley & Co., for the syndicate which bought them of the city through Vermilye & Co. Furthermore, they were sold on a basis to yield 3 per cent to the purchasers. The disposition of these two issues of bonds breaks the boycott that was supposed to exist in Great Britain against all kinds of American securities, and the breaking of the boycott is undeniably due to the knowledge on the other side that the administra-

knowledge on the other side that the administration of the United States Government is to be restored to the Republicans, and that McKinley is
to occupy the White House for the next four years
at least.

To-day the subscription closes for \$3,000,000 of
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway (Panhandie) gold 4 per cent bonds. The bonds
are offered in New-York, London and Frankfort
at 102 by Speyer & Co., and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Most
of them will be placed abroad, so that the sale of
American bonds in Europe this week will be at
any rate \$10,000,000. Sterling exchange for an equal
sum will be created by the bond sales, and will
prevent exports of gold except on special orders,
like that recently sent to Germany for Russian
account. Some gold may be consigned to Germany
by the Saale of the North German Lloyd Line,
which sails to-morrow.

FOR M'KINLEY AND SOUND MONEY.

Clarksburg, W. Va., May 14.-The Republicans of the 1st Congress District held their delegate convention here yesterday. Congressman Dovener pre sided Daniel W. Boughner, of Clarksburg, and Henry Schmulbach, of Wheeling, were chosen dele-gates to St. Louis. Resolutions were adopted in-structing them for McKinley and declaring for sound money, favoring the largest use of silver consistent with the gold standard.

CALIFORNIA COLD WATER PARTY.

Stockton, Cal., May 14.-The Prohibition State Convention to-day nominated Chauncey H. for United States Senator and J. E. McComas for Lieutenant-Governor. The platform declares the usual prohibition principles, favors the free coinage of sliver at the ratio of 16 to 1, Woman Suffrage, election of the President and Vice-Presi-dent and United States Senators by a direct vote of the people, and declares against the refund of the Pacific Railway indebtedness.

SUPPORTERS OF M'KINLEY NOW.

Benjamin Oppenheimer presided at the regular meeting of the Patriotic Republican Club held last evening at No. 248 East Seventy-eighth-st. This is the home in the XXVIIIth Assembly District of the Brookfield faction. Some time ago the club advo-cated McKinley as their second choice for President. They have now made up their minds that Governor Morton has no chance in the Presidential race, and they had over 200 supporters of the Ohio man at last night's meeting who think that the nomination should go to McKinley. Arrangements for a dinner to be given in honor of the second annifor a dinner to be given in nonor of the second anniversary of the club were made, and it was announced that among those who had accepted invitations were Lieutenant-Governor Saxton, Attorney-General Hancock, Generals Thomas and Collis, Colonel Cruger, Congressman Quigg and others. At the meeting steps were also taken to organize the election districts for the coming campaign.

TILLMAN ANXIOUS TO BOLT.

Washington, May 14 (Special).-"The sway of Tillman is still nearly absolute in South Carolina," said Colonel John C. Haskell, of Columbia, to-day. "Tillman's plans have been fully matured for the com-ing National campaign. If the National Democratic Convention does not come out for free silver in the most radical way Tiliman and the rest of the delen will walk out of the hall. There is no doubt that they have determined on a bolt, and I believe Tiliman would really be sadly grieved and disap-pointed beyond measure should the platform declare for sliver and a known silver champion be the nominee. It would rob him of his coveted oppornominee. It would rob him of his coveted oppor-tunity to acquire additional notoriety as a factional chief-there would be nothing left for him to de-nounce. In State affairs the programme includes the retirement of Senator Irby and the sending of Governor Evans in Irby's place. Evans is destitute of ability, but of redundant impudence. He will do anything in politics that Tillman orders, and has achieved all his prominence by his subserviency to the man whom he succeeded in office. Of all the 'reformers' he is the least respectable."

KANSAS DEMOCRATS SOLID FOR SILVER. Topeka, Kan., May 14.-Riley County is the first to hold its Democratic County Convention. Ex-United States Senator John Martin was indorsed for delegate-at-large, and a 15-to-1 free silver reso-lution was unanimously adopted. Leaders of the party say Kansas will send a solid free silver dele-gation to Chicago.

SWORE THEY GOT MONEY FOR THEIR VOTES. Saratoga, N. Y., May 14.-The politicians of the town of Milton: Saratoga County, are greatly exercised over alleged bribery and buying of votes at the last town meeting, which was held on March 4 in Odd Fellows' Hall, Ballston Spa, and which may implicate a number of the leading citizens and politicians of the town. Acting on information fur-nished by the Rev. G. G. Johnson, paster of the Baptist Church of Ballston, and the Rev. C. L. Hall, pastor of the Methodist Church, same place, who say they are acting in the interest of good

witnesses were examined to-day before Judge Lewis witnesses were examined to-day before Judge Lewis in Ballston, to secure evidence for the arrest of John Doe and Richard Roe for alleged bribery and buying of votes. Lewis E Griffith, of Troy, County Judge of Rensselaer County, was present, representing the clergymen, and examined the witnesses. Edward Lane, George Parks, John Granger, Frank Granger, Samuel Weiden, fr., and Patrick Morrissey swore that they received money for voting, and that the money was paid them by Sheriff Frank Jones and George E. Settle.

The examination was adjourned until next Tuesday.

DEMOCRATS COMING TO TOWN. PROBABLE PLACE AND DATE OF THEIR STATE CONVENTION

Members of the Democratic State Committee, which meets to-day at the Hoffman House, were arriving in the city yesterday. Senator Hill was not one of them, and Major James W. Hinkley, of Poughkeepsie, the chairman of the committee, who established his headquarters last evening in Room 307 of the Hoffman House, said that the Senator had decided not to be present. Besides Major Hinkley, ex-Congressman Charles

Tracey, of Albany; Francis J. Molloy, of Troy; John F. Gaynor, of Syracuse; W. C. Buck and John B. Stanchfield, of Elmira, and L. H. Wager, the affable sergeant-at-arms of the committee, were on

Major Hinkley said that he thought that the com mittee need not be in session more than ten minutes mittee need not be in session more than ten minutes to-day. The order has been issued that Saratoga is to be the place for holding the Democratic State Convention, and that the date shall be either June 23 or June 24. The chairman added that the committee was strongly for sound money, but that no resolutions on the subject would be adopted that he was aware of.

FIGHTS AT THE POLLS IN ALBANY. THE HERRICK FACTION WINS IN THE DEMO CRATIC PRIMARIES.

May 14 (Special).-The usual scenes at Democratic primaries were enacted here to-day, when delegates to the Democratic City Committee were elected in the evenly numbered election dis-Last year the odd-numbered districts elected. In eight of the twenty-nine districts to-John Bowe's district in the Third Ward, as well as in others, the factions came to blows. Norton who ran for Attorney-General last fall directed the movements of the Herrick faction in the Second District of the Thirteenth Ward. Bowe-Rooney crowd made a bitter fight, but notwithstanding that nearly every man who presented himself was challenged, there were a large number of fraudulent ballots cast. Mr. Chase won by is votes. The Bowe men say they will carry the election in this district into the courts.

The general result to-day gives the Herrick, or regular Democracy, a slight majority in the committee. There is an intensely bitter feeling over the contests among the Democrats of both factions. Bowe was formerly Judge Herrick's licutenant, but he deserted the Judge when the latter went on the bench, because he refused to release his hold on local politics. withstanding that nearly every man who pre-

TO STEAL M'KINLEY DELEGATES. PLANS OF THE COLORED "DELEGATION" UNDER COLONEL SIMMS'S LEAD.

vement among so-called colored Republican as it was given out by the promoters, was to agree methods to be pursued at St. Louis, "so that the colored delegates in districts where colored Republicans are in the majority." A meeting was held which speeches were made and resolutions adopted he insidious encroachments of the "Idly Whites. The term "Lily Whites" applies to that faction of the Texas Republicans who have undertaken the formation of a party composed exclusively of white Republicans. The plan is naturally extremely un popular with the colored Republicans of the South and the fact has been seized upon by Morton boomers of this State as the groundwork of a scheme by South may be induced to desert the choice of their

yesterday's meeting, and if the followers of the bosses' combine can secure enough of it they hope bosses' combine can secure enough of it they hope to make an impression on McKinley's colored delegates from the Southern States at St. Leuis. Caleb A. Simms, C. W. Anderson and a few other colored servitors of the Platt-Lauterbach resime, are to hold a "convention" and elect about a score of "delegates to St. Louis." They are to do "missionary work" among the colored delegates who have been elected to vote for McKinley. Ostenetbly this outfit of Afro-American pairiots are going to St. Louis to beem Governor Morton. In reality they are, if possible, to get delegates away from McKinley. Simms will "head" the delegation. "If we gits a sufficiency of stamps," said the flustrious Caleb last grening, with a broad grin, "I t'ink we'll be able to convince some of dem McKinley coots from de South dat dey ought to line up on de side of soun' money."

A PETITION TO HAINES AND PAYNE TO TURN MORTON VOTES OVER TO M'KINLEY.

Canandalgua, N. Y., May 14 (Special).-The McKinevery town Raines men are beginning to organize McKinley clubs. There is now the McKinley League, of Ontario County, under the leadership of Frank H

Its purpose (the purpose of the League) shall be the nomination and election of William McKiniey, of Ohio, as the next President of the United States by the Republican party.

The officers of the League are: President, W. L.

Hernden, Geneva; secretary, E. P. Gardner, Canan-dalgua; treasure: John B. Hail, Canandalgua, Executive Committee, Frank H. Hamtin, Canandalkua, president; the Hon. Robert Moody, of Seneca; C. C. Curtice, Victor; W. A. Howe, Phelps, Louis Mc-Louth, Farmington; P. O'Leary, West Bloomfield, Harry G. Chapin, East Bloomfield; vice-presidents, Leonard Jones, Bristol; Marion Becker, Canadice, J. Milton Munson, Canandaigua; Ashman B. Gauss, East Bloomfield; John Wallace, Farmington, F. A. Malette, Geneva; A. J. Phillips, Gorham; Harry Tay-Malette, Geneva, A. J. Prinips, Grandin, lor, Hopewell; Hiram Schutt, Manchester; F. L. Clark, of Naples; William Vandemark, Phelps; Spencer D. Short, Richmond; Dr. John Robson, Gor-ham; John Trembly, South Bristol; W. A. Highbotham, Victor; R. M. Peck, West Bloomfield. The following is found in the petition to John Raines and Sereno E. Payne, delegates from the XXVIIIth Congress District of the State of New-York to the Na

gress District of the State of New-York to the National Republican Convention in St. Louis, Mo.:

While we concede, with all courtesy, your votes to Governor Morton in the first instance, and expect you to support his cause with unfelgned loyalty so long as there is a possibility of his nemination, we insist that when that has been done you then conform to the wishes of your constituents, and support with equal loyalty the candidacy of ex-Governor McKinley, of Ohlo. We further declare that we emphatically denounce any and every effort to accomplish the defeat of Mr. McKinley by any combination which shall divert your votes from Governor Morton to any other candidate.

CONVENTION CONTRACTS LET AT ST. LOUIS St. Louis, May 14.-Captain Timothy A. Byrnes, sergeant-at-arms of the Republican National Convention, who has been here several days arranging for the printing of tickets and badges, yesterday let the contracts for that work to local firms. Max Procht, of Oregon, who is the financial secretary of the American Protective Tariff League, was yesterday appointed assistant sergeant-at-arms, and well remain here until the convention meets, with headquarters at the Planters' Hotel. Colonel Byrnes went to Indianapolis to-day, and will probably not return until just before the convention meets. During the intervening time Mr. Procht will act in his

WILL SPEAKER REED RETIRE?

From The Washington Post.

Notwithstanding the denial of the Speaker's friends, there is excellent authority for the statement that Mr. Reed is being strongly urged to retire from public life at the close of this term. He will then have served twenty consecutive years, during four of which he has filled the office of Speaker, a dignity to which he would again be elevated were he a member of the next House. In retiring from a public carser which has been conspicuously brilliant the Speaker would consult largely his own inclinations, and particularly those of his family, who have since the List Congress, urged him to withdraw from politics and devote the remainder of his days to the practice of law. He has not positively decided that he will do so, but there is a strong expectation that this will be his final determination.

It is believed that Mr. Reed will formally announce has intention not to be again a candidate for Congress after the meeting of the Republican National Convention next month. The Congressional elections occur in Maine in the middle of September, and the conventions are usually held about thirty days previously. It is understood that Mr. Reed will make public his intentions in ample time for the aspiring politicians in his district to begin their fight for the succession. It is doubted if he retire from Congress that he will locate again in Portland. He has influential political and business friends in New-York who believe that that city presents greater inducements for a man of his ability than a provincial town like the Maine metropolis. One of these friends who urged him four years ago to begin the practice of law in New-York City has since told him that, had he done so, enough business would have been thrown in his way to enable him to earn during the interim fully \$200,000.

It is also said in this connection that the reports which couple Mr. Reed's name with the Secretary-From The Washington Post.

interim fully \$300,000.

It is also said in this connection that the reports which couple Mr. Reed's name with the Secretaryship of State under the next Administration are not well founded. Mr. Reed's purpose in resuming the practice of law would be to accumulate sufficient means to render him independent. But for this in-

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Winton Bicycles.

Ballard Rubber Co.

ducement he would remain in the House, where he has been for many years a brilliant party leader—an honor which he would not relinquish even for the glittering rewards of a premiership.

IN THE A. P. A. CONVENTION. THE ADVISORY BOARD LIKELY TO BE CENSURED FOR ATTACKING M'KINLEY.

Washington, May 14 .- The A. P. A. Convention to day adopted a resolution calling on the Advisory Board to submit its report not later than to-morrow morning. The Board, however, is not likely to respond before Saturday. It has been wrestling with the action of its Executive Committee in boycotting McKinley, and the deiny is understood to b urged in order that it can in the mean time break the full force of the anticipated censure which that course is likely to elicit. The temper of the convention, it is said, has been so pronounced in favor o McKinley that the committee has given up hope of having its action approved.

The investigations of the Advisory Board thu far have demonstrated to its satisfaction that the Executive Committee acted in good faith in putting out the boycott. The committee had fortified itself with a mass of textimony which apparently justified its conclusions against McKinley, but the sentiment of the convention is strongly opposed to interference in National politics before the platforms and nominations are made.

and nominations are made.

It is asserted to-night that since the convention here of the A. P. A. the Ohio delegation telegraphed to Mr. Hanna a dispatch, the nature of which was to prevent Mr. Grosvenor from making any further utterances detrimental to Judge Stevens, and that the reply to the telegram was of a character thoroughly to satisfy the friends of McKinley in the association.

WOLCOTT OFFERS TO WITHDRAW COLORADO REPUBLICANS NOT ALL OF ONE MINE ON THE COURSE TO BE PURSUED.

Pueblo, Col., May 14.-The Republican State Con

man Herbert. John Grass, of Trinidad, was se lected temporary chairman, and after a Credentials was appointed, an adjournment was The defeated minority of the Arapahoe County

(Denver) Convention appeared before this commit tee to appeal for representation in certain districts. Arguments were made on both sides. It was openly asserted that should the convention decide to un seat any of the delegates by favoring the minority appeal, the entire Arapahoe delegation would with-A telegram from Senator Wolcott was read as

nouncing his desire to withdraw from the contest for a seat in the National Convention at St. Louis as delegate from Colorado in the interest of harmony and the cause of bimetallism. The friends of Wolcott are now confining their efforts to preventing a vote of censure. It is not believed that this will be done, neither will the delegates be instructed to

boit.

The Republicans of the IId Congress District today selected Charles Brickenstein, of Conejos, and
C. J. Hart, of Pueblo, as delegates to the St. Louis
Convention upon a platform which instructs them
to abble by Senator Teller's judgment in all matters,
a resolution instructing the delegates not to boit

PLATT'S ATTACK UPON M'KINLEY. SUCH HOSTILE CRITICISM CAN ONLY HELP THE OHIO MAN. To The Editor of The Tribune:

"Whom the gods love they first make mad" indeed Thomas Casablanca Platt is so much in love with "regularity" that he now finds it necessary to produce his regular weekly letters. He has wear away a stone, I suppose he thinks his weekly pop will pulverize the popular giant. "A wise, conservative and educated statesman with a definite policy is wanted," he howls-for this morning's effort certainly reaches the dignity of a howl. Just what process of reasoning he adopts to reach the conclusion that McKinley does not measure up to this standard is hard to tell, but it must be something like this. McKinley has never been convicted of serious unwisdom; therefore, he is not wise. He was the chief architect of the most successful working tariff bill that had a definite principle in it ever enacted; therefore, he is not conservative. He has had twenty years' active experience and performance lose student of history and economics, and a successful chief executive of a great State; therefore, he is not an "educated statesman.

See how easy it is to reason if you are only a

zot showed his students how to do it. T. C. P. must have been one of them. McKinley is not "well balanced," not "great, not a "trained and educated public man," even if he has been twenty years in public life as legislator and Governor. Not an "astute political leader"—

of course not such as Quay. Then what is he? Well, Casabianca says he is "too amlable." This, McKinley's friends roust admit, is a frightful falling and they can't see their way clear to defend him from such a weakness. Casabianca prefers a man who can give the cold, clammy hand, like Indiana's favorite son; and the marble heart like our Chief Magistrate knows so well how to present. Casabianca's experience with those two strong men has been so pleasant he wants more of it. Amiable gentlemen like our present Governor are not to his liking, evidently. The public have had the opposite idea; but when the correction comes from the fountain head it must be accepted. "Things are not always what they seem," Dick Deadeye said.
To continue, "McKinley had less to do with the
McKinley bill than Dingley and Aldrich." Let that be settled by better authority. Even if it were true, it would not alter the fact that the theory the McKinley bill embodies belongs more to Mc Kinley than to any other public man, and if Mc Kinley's arguments had prevailed further, som of the radical features complained of would not be in that bill. The principle that McKinley has consistently advocated is the one that all men will finally agree upon, viz., the difference in the cost of labor per unit of production at home and abroad the principle which every laboring man in the land believes in. It is not for the McKinley bill "line for line" that McKinley stands. But it is for the principle that he endeavored to have determined the percentage that ought to have gone into every line; and for his efforts to give that principle statu-

tory existence, history will embalm his name in the hierarchy of American statesmen.

It can be safely said that the Democrats will not lie awake at nights after McKinley is nominated half so much as Casabianca is doing now before he is nominated to ferret out "bostile criticism" that will penetrate the armor of his honesty and statesman-ship and administrative ability. He has been tried penetrate the armor of his honesty and seen tried in every one of these essential virtues and not found wanting. How many men in Congress have made better reputations? How many Governors have done better? How many men have gone through that most strying of ordeale—the destruction of one's private fortune—and come out with so much credit, and positive glory as will vet be revealed, than he has?

His enemies can do no better service than attack him, for it furnishes the opportunity of his friends to reveal to the country, if they need further revealing, his personal virtues and public capability. But it is usually left for your recognized political enemies and not to your presumed friends in your own camp to enter into that business. The motives of those who are now attacking McKinley's capabilities as a Presidential candidate are so unmanly, so dog-in-the-manger like, that Republicans of all kinds see through it, and they 'are flocking to his support, in numbers such as were never witnessed before. Could any man in public life have a more spontaneous and triumphani attestation of confidence within the limits of his own party, an attestation which the bestowal of an overwhelming majority as their choice for Chief Magistrate of this Nation, for his election appears to be as spontaneous as his nomination?

The attack upon McKinley's monetary soundness.

choice for Chief Magistrate of this Nation, for his election appears to be as spontaneous as his nomination?

The attack upon McKinley's monetary soundness is as cowardly as it is unwise. He is as much in favor of the gold atandard as any one to be mentioned but he is economist enough to know that silver must also be used as a circulating medium, that it is necessary for the smooth transaction of the commercial affairs of the country. It is the province of Congress to determine to what extent and upon what basis that can be most economically done.

The President can only veto a measure which the Nation manifestly disapproves of. That is the limit of his power, in such affairs, When a man like Cornelius N. Bliss is linked with McKinley, this Nation's administrative affairs will be safely handled. In closing, let me add that McKinley stands for protection of labor in another effective way: He is strongly opposed to a flood of foreign paupers, as well as a flood of foreign goods, and recognizes as keenly as any economist the necessity of developing the character of its labor, economic as well as moral and intellectual, if this Nation is to retain its place in the vanguard of Nations.

Thomas Casabianca is getting desperate, indeed; his weekly wails are becoming weaker and weaker, and he sadly needs the shoulder of Amasa to weep upon, who has promised to stick to him faithfull to the end. Faithful Amasa, second edition to "Me

Too," we hope you will get a reward in the hereafter for your martyrdom. J. M. FINLAY. New-York, May 11, 1896.

A PARALLEL WITH THE ATTACK ON BLAINE IN 1876-THE RESULT WILL BE DIFFERENT. To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Mr. Platt's attack on Governor McKinley, as published in The Tribune of May 11, brings vividly to mind the attack on Blaine at the Cincinnati conention in 1876. Blaine then was the people's choice and would have been nominated but for the adroit work of a few very plausible men. These would-be wise men, with grave faces, loaded down with great responsibility for the success of the party and th welfare of the country, went among the delegates and in their bland and childlike manner assured them that they yielded to no one in their great ad-miration for Mr. Blaine. None would be happler than they if he was made President-but "the campaign is to be a long and severe struggle, the searchlight of investigation will be turned on his every act, and we are fearful of the result. We think it a great wrong to put the party to this severe test, when there are so many men that can be elected without a doubt."

These self-constituted saviors of the party, men who had not made their peace with Blaine, su ceeded ir preventing enough weak-kneed delegates from voting for him to defeat him. To-day the people from Maine to California are

determined that William McKinley shall be our next President. But Mr. Platt and his Presidential Trust, finding they are ignored by the people, have already begun the Cincinnati game. These mer have not made their peace with McKinley and his Supporters. Mr. Platt says: "My opposition to Governor McKiniey proceeds almost entirely from my belief that he will get the Republican party into turmoil and trouble." Is it to be conceded that Mr. Platt is any better judge of these matters than thousands of others? Is his statement a threat?

If he had said that McKiniey's nomination would put him (Platt) into turmoil and trouble, we should believe him. Mr. Platt's statements regarding McKiniey and the tariff ard money questions are being answered daily and intelligibly. No one is looking for or expecting the tariff to be changed to excessive high rates. A tariff that will yield sufficient revenue to support the Government and fairly protect labor is all that is demanded—and this stands for McKinieyism. As for the sound money question, there is no more danger of electing a 16 to 1 Congress than there is that Mr. Platt will realize his hopes in preventing the nomination of William McKiniey.

It is fortunate that Mr. Platt has given his points supporters. Mr. Platt says: "My opposition to

McKinley.

It is fortunate that Mr. Platt has given his points to the world so early. The delegates will have learned them by heart by the time the convention meets, and will, when these wise men, with serious faces, come to them and talk of danger, say, "Get thee behind me. Satan."

O. E. BRITT.

Morristown, N. J., May 12, 1896.

ALL SHOULD UNITE FOR M'KINLEY. HE IS THE MANIFEST CHOICE OF THE PEOPLE-LET POLITICIANS AND PAVORITE

SONS WITHDRAW. To the Editor of The Tribune Sir: In view of the ironclad fact that the result of

the St. Louis Convention is now generally conceded to be a foregone conclusion; that ex-Governor Mc Cleveland in the Presidential chair, I think it is time for all true Republicans to accept the inevitable and inite their forces against the common enemy.

I repeat that in view of the fact that Mr. McKinley

nas already a sufficient number of delegates pledged to secure his nomination on the first ballot, and, raised in his favor as the one of all others who can secure a return of prosperity to a people suffering inder the lamentable misrule of our present Administration, it is now time that all combinations against him should cease, and that the other candidates, particularly those who induige the vain yet forlorn hope to secure a brilliant and overpowering indorsement, in a sweeping Republican victory at the polls in No

wember, of the doctrine of Protection to American labor and industries.

Furthermore, I cannot conceive of a more graceful act than that the machine politicians and "favorite sons" should now instruct their delegates to yield to the manifest will of the American people and let a manimous vote at St. Louis become typical of the verdict of the great Republican party upon the fallure of Democratic government. were of Democratic government.

We have a splendid opportunity of proving to the world that the party we represent is devoted to and will maintain those vital interests which bring peace, happiness and prosperity to every home in America, and I trust our politicians will not be slow to take advantage of it.

A LINCOLN REPUBLICAN.

Detroit, Mich., May 9, 1896.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS IN SESSION.

Lyons, N. Y., May 14 .- The mid-year convention was large and included Mrs. Mary Seymour Howell, of Albany; the Rev. Mrs. Wright, of Brooklyn Mrs. Lillie Devereaux Blake and Mrs. Harriet A. Keyser, of New-York; Mrs. Jean Brooks Greenleaf. of Rochester; Miss Mary Anthony, of Rochester; of Auburn; the wife of Senator Shepard, of Penn Yan; Mrs. Riley, of Ithaca; Mrs. Crossett, of Warsaw, and Mrs. Alleman, of Union Springs. The convention was held in the parlors of the Presdent Jean Brooks Greeienf. The principal speakers

were Mrs. Howelt and Mrs. Blake.

Mrs. Howelt took her text from Tennyson: "Live pure, speak true, right wrong, follow the King; else, wherefore born." In the course of her remarks she referred to the present year being the forty-eighth anniversary of the women's movement, and spoke in eulogistic terms of Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton, and declared that Lucy Stone was immortal, while the Massachusetts minister who referred to her as a "crowing hen" was buried in oblivion. Mrs. Howell said that she saw thousands of her sex governed by the lash because ister who referred to her as a "crowing hen" was buried in oblivion. Mrs. Howell said that she saw thousands of her sex governed by the lash because they dare not break away. "The coward," she said, "asks, is it safe? Expediency asks, is it politic? Vanity asks, is it popular? Conscience asks, is it right?" Mrs. Howel; closed by saying that while the State had statues of liberty in the image of woman, no woman had liberty.

Mrs. Blake spoke of the action of the California Republicans in indersing the woman's suffrage amendment to the State constitution to be voted on next fall, and also on the "womanly movement."

WILLIAM DEERING'S MUNIFICENT GIFTS Chicago, May 14.-Real estate and securities valued at \$215,000 have been presented to Northwestern Un versity by William Deering, of Evanston, the wellknown manufacturer of respers. The gift will be and the special purpose to which the income will be applied will be designated by Mr. Deering. The bequest will be known as the Special Decring Fund. Possibly a part of the income will be used in erect-ing a new building, to be known as Fick Hall, for the academy. This bequest raises the total of Mr. Deering's gifts to the University to \$500,000.

THE NEW ERIE'S FIRST QUARTER. Albany, May 14.-The first quarterly report of the to the State Railroad Commission. It shows gross earnings of \$6,187.312; operating expenses of \$4,510-929; other income, \$6,718; fixed charges, \$1,741,291; deficit for the quarter, \$58,189.

BICYCLES BAGGAGE IN RHODE ISLAND. Providence, May 14.-A bill compelling ratiroads to take bicycles as baggage was passel in the Senate this morning in concurrence. Rhode Island is the

ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS.

Washington, May 14 (Special).—The following Army orders have been issued: The extension of leave on surgeon's certificate of disability granted to Captain Charles E. Nordstrom, 10th Cavalry, February 10, is further extended one month. Leave for three months, to take effect about July 1, is granted to Major Harry O. Perley, surgeo l, is granted to Major Harry O. Pericy, surgeon.
Leave for two months, to take effect about June
l, is granted to Second Lieutenant Mertwether L.
Walker, Corps of Engineers, Leave for four
months, to take effect about June 10, is granted
to Captain Frederick Fuger, 4th Artillery.
Naval Orders—Captain T. F. Kane to command
the Newark Medical Inspector R. S. Marmion
ordered as a member of the Board of Inspection
and Survey.

RAINES LAW MONEY PAID IN. Special Deputy State Excise Commissioner Georg

Hilliard yesterday paid over to Controller Fitch \$855,425 56, the first instalment to the city of its twothirds of the liquor tax under the Raines law, which Mr. Hilliard and his assistants have been which Mr. Hillard and its assistants have been collecting since May I, when the law took effect. The expenses of collection were deducted by the Special Deputy Excise Commissioner before making payment. Controller Fitch turned the money over to City Chamberlain McCook.

Mr. Hillard informed the Controller that hereafter his payments would be made weekly.

> When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

WEDDING

SILVERWARE

In anticipation of the approaching SPRING WEDDINGS to WALLACE COMPANY bare prepared a collection of STER. LING (925-1000 fine) SILVER WARE essentially new and caclusive in design and rich in ornamentation. # #

Fine Silver and Gold Mounted Leather Goods. FIFTH AVENUE

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PLATED WARE At greatly reduced prices for the

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326 7TH AVE COWPERTHWAIT'S

Secure your share of the LONG CREDIT. Carpets.

KILLED AND THROWN OVERBOARD

BODY OF AN UNKNOWN WOMAN, RD MOUTH COVERED WITH A GAG, COMB ASHORE AT STATEN ISLAND.

The body of a murdered woman with a over her mouth, was found yesterday morals floating in the Lower Bay at a point oppose Lincoln-ave., Grant City, Staten Island, 3 body was dragged ashore by John Griswold fisherman, who was gathering driftwom wife first saw the body, and called the and tion of her husband to it. It was then also fifteen feet out. He waded out and brought to the beach. He then saw the gag, and at one sent word to Coroner John T. Oates, who ted charge of the body. The woman was about thirty years old the

was partly dressed, and her clothing was only fairly good texture. Two stab wounds, two fractures of the skull and contusions of the breast were the cause of death. The woman wore a brown Henrietta della

skirt, a blue polka dot waist of gingham white chemise cut square and filled in embroidery at the neck, and a pair of black corsets. Her shoes were of the Oxford pastern, cut low, and tipped with patent leather The body of them was made of dongola kid, and their size was seven. They were apparently new. The woman's stockings were of cotton heavy, and brown in color. The body was so badly decomposed that recognition and the establishment of her nationality were imposible. There was no jewelry on her person escept a gold earring, circular in shape, in the right ear. The body is five feet in height, and is that of a woman of fine physique. The woman had a heavy head of jet-black hair. Hay teeth were well set and regular, except for a few in the lower jaw.

The autopsy, which was made w De H &

Goodwin, of Stapleton, rewaled that the woman had been murdered, and that her death counted before she entered the water. This statement was reached in the face of contradictory coal-On the right thigh there was a large wound caused by a stab, fully five inches kee and running horizontally with the limb. On the right eide of the neck there was a stab would about two inches long and directly above the jugular vein. The wounds, however, were me such as would cause death, but had merely penof the head there was a skull fracture Y-shaped, extending back about two inches and downward about one inch. There was also a fracture on the left side of the skull about one inch long. Both these wounds were directly back and over the eyes and had been made with a heavy instrument or some sort. Neither of and were not sufficient to cause death at one There were also a large contusion and abrasics on the right chest above the breast, which we discolored and below which large quantities coagulated blood were found. This evidence

resulted also from a beating. The woman's body showed no other marks d violence. Around her mouth as a gag was tel a handkerchief, which was double-knotted. The knot was directly over the mouth, holding to teeth tightly closed. The handkerchief was co ried around the back of her head. The condition ried around the back of her head. The condition of the woman's organs revealed that she was a chealthy condition. Her body was well non-ished. Dr. Goodwin said the conditions which existed were contradictory in that no water was found in the lungs or stomach, the accepted gray of drowning. He said she had evidently been thrown overboard after being murdered. The she was murdered he said there was no dook. He said the fractures of the skull were not sufficient to cause death, but the woman had not been drowned. He said, however, that she might have been stunned and then thrown into the water.

The handkerchief which was found over the mine nanukerchief which was found on the manufer a signification, which might have been made in contact with some black substance, such as mud. It was of fairly good texture and had two blue stripes around the border.

THE CATHODE RAY IN SURGERT.

BY ITS AID IT IS HOPED TO CURE A MENTAL AFFLICTION OF A YOUNG WOMAN.

Toledo, Ohic, May 14 (Special).—A practical test of the cathode rays has been made upon a Toledo patient within the last week, and by this method to physical cause for a serious mental infirmity. Miss Miller has been discovered. Furthermore, a rays have developed the fact beyond question that delicate yet possible surgical operation will remove the physical deformity and restore completely appearanently the reason of the patient. The present afflicted is a young woman of far more than committed is a young woman of far more than committed is a young woman of far more than committed in the property of Toledo, Ohic, May 14 (Special).-A practical to

she was engaged to men.

Her parents had her head subjected to the called a rays, when it was found that the under side of a portion of her skull was covered with a row of bony growths, similar in appearance to a series of bony growths, similar in appearance to a series of bony growths. buttons, which press down upon the brain and con pain, as well as the mental trouble. Stilled sargeons were called in council, and it was their asmost unantmous verdict that when the growths
are removed the young woman will be herself asain.
It has been determined, it is said, to perform the
operation, as it is believed it can be done second

THE SPRING CLEANING.

THE SPRING CLEANING.

The terror of spring cleaning has all but all with the modern method of its performance, for its chief and most fearful feature was the taking where the beating and the re-laying of the carpels the beating and the re-laying of the carpels have changed all that. Nowadays the carbon bousewife, he she of low or high degree, sends web y postal card or telephone to T. M. Stewart, by postal card or telephone to T. M. Stewart, it is response his men come, lift the carpels almost your response his men come, lift the carpets almost the furniture without damage to it or to the trunture without damage to it or to the trunture without damage to it or to the function of the first the furniture. All the carpets were worn, the carpets and dispatch replace them; or, if required, Stewart and dispatch replace them; or, if required, Stewart and dispatch replace them; or, if required, Stewart and the carpets were worn; the cannot portions of the carpets were worn; the carpets were worn; the carpets skill of Stewart's work people has recent the carpets all the carpets and designed the pattern, and lof the worn part deftiy fitting the pattern, and lof the worn part deftiy fitting the pattern, and lof the worn part deftiy fitting the pattern, and lof the worn part defting the pattern and the